

Women in business

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Entrepreneurship 2020

- Entrepreneurship 2020, the EU entrepreneurship policy framework, holds enhancement of women entrepreneurship highly important
- Women's lack of involvement in entrepreneurship is a problem that needs to be addressed with various measures and wellplanned activities



How?

- Key factors to enhance women entrepreneurship:
 - Development of national strategies
 - Collection of entrepreneurship statistics by gender
 - Improvement of financing
 - Development and supporting of mentoring programs and networks for women entrepreneurs



2015 study of Praxis:

- Women entrepreneurs form 28% of all Estonian entrepreneurs and majority (72%) of them are individual entrepreneurs
- Entrepreneurship rate of Estonian women (share of women entrepreneurs in active women workforce) is 5% that is considerably lower than the EU-28 average of 10%¹

¹ http://www.praxis.ee/tood/naisettevotjatele-suunatud-e-keskkonna-loomise-eeluuring



Proposals of women entrepreneurship network

 A thorough list of proposals were presented to the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Communications in February 2013 to improve Estonian Entrepreneurship Growth Strategy 2014-2020 with the aim to contribute to increasing the share of women entrepreneurs, also among high-value-added business establishers and developers



Women's initiative to involve women entrepreneurship measures in the 2020 strategy came from discussions

- The Estonian Women's Studies and Resource Centre (ENUT) together with the NGO network:
 - Discussion on supporting women entrepreneurship in the 2020 strategy measures, May 2015
 - Roundtable "Sustainability of women entrepreneurship enhancement of women entrepreneurship", May 2014
 - Panel discussion "Sustainability of women entrepreneurship enhancement of women entrepreneurship and growth strategies", ENUT spring conference, April 2013
 - European Commission's women entrepreneurship conference in Tallinn, October 2012
 - ENUT's roundtable with representatives of Enterprise Estonia,
 November 2011



Background of supporting women entrepreneurship since the 1990s

- Women started with entrepreneurship right at the beginning of 1990s
- Trainings for women for starting a businesses were also carried out at the Women Training Centre at EMI already since 1990
- Following the Nordic Countries where women entrepreneurship enhancement has been considered very important
- Mentoring programs at Women Training Centre started for women at the beginning of 2000s



Women entrepreneurs have understood the importance of joining and cooperating

- 1991 Women Training Centre
- 1992 BPW Estonia
- 1997 Estonian Women's Studies and Resource Centre
- 2001 QUIN Estonia (women inventors)
- 2002 Estonian Women Entrepreneurs Association
- 2003 ETNA Estonia
- Since 2012 forming of women entrepreneurship organisations network (under the initiative of ENUT)



Support from international organisations

- ILO
- Open Estonia Foundation
- Nordic Council of Ministers
- European Commission etc..

Example from 2012: ETNA micro credit

NGO ETNA Estonia's project "Becoming entrepreneurs together"; funded by Open Estonia Foundation



Growing the women entrepreneurship rate from 5% to 10% (EU average) in today's business environment

- Statistics Estonia will develop a better program for genderbased entrepreneurship by the end of 2015
- Minister of education approved the program to teach entrepreneurship in all curriculums (in universities and schools)
- Participation in activities for the growth of youth entrepreneurship – female participation and activity in student companies etc. is remarkable, e.g. 21 out of 30 final teams of ENTRUM program had the majority of female representatives
- County development centres consult beginner entrepreneurs



Growing the women entrepreneurship rate from 5% to 10% (EU average) in today's business environment

- Entrepreneurship policy makers and also media should value, support and highlight women entrepreneurs more
- Role models are very important. Today's image of entrepreneurs is still viewed as men with briefcases rather than women.
- Further cooperation with media channels (e.g. magazine Director, Äripäev etc.) and with journalist associations (Union of Journalists, Women Editors Association, etc..) to introduce women entrepreneurs

Growing the women entrepreneurship rate from 5% to 10% (EU average) in today's business environment

- Carrying out women entrepreneurship studies
- Strong support from Enterprise Estonia (incl. constant updating of women entrepreneurship portal, organising women entrepreneurship day(s) during entrepreneurship weeks
- Mentoring programs for beginner and advanced women entrepreneurs
- Programs/modules for beginner women entrepreneurs
- Alignment and use of the strategic model of women entrepreneurship developed in 2005 under the initiative of the Ministry of Social Affairs in the measures of the growth strategy
- Women Entrepreneurship Network enhancing women entrepreneurship needs support



Thank you!

Eesti Naisuurimus- ja Teabekeskus (ENUT, www.enut.ee)

ENUT - acronym for Eesti Naisuurimus- ja Teabekeskus (The Estonian Women's Studies and Resource Centre) - is a grassroots, non-profit, non-governmental organization open to the public. It was registered in April, 1997. The Centre, located at the Tallinn University, is the first women's resource centre in Estonia and it includes a specialized library on women's and gender issues.

